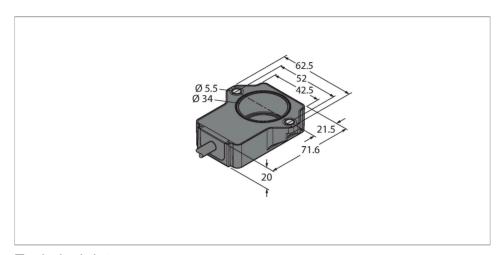


# RI60P2-QR20-LI2X2 Miniature encoder – With Analog Output Premium Line



# Technical data

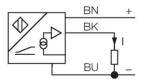
Туре	RI60P2-QR20-LI2X2
Ident. no.	100004583
Measuring principle	Inductive
Starting torque shaft load (radial / axial)	Not applicable because of contactless measuring principle
Resolution	0.09°
Measuring range	-3030 °
Nominal distance	1 mm
Repeat accuracy	≤ 0.15 % of full scale
Linearity deviation	≤ 0.9 %f.s.
Temperature drift	≤ ± 0.02 % / K
Ambient temperature	-25+70 °C
Storage temperature	-40+125 °C
Operating voltage	1530 VDC
Residual ripple	≤ 10 % U <sub>ss</sub>
Isolation test voltage	≤ 0.5 kV
Short-circuit protection	yes
Wire breakage/Reverse polarity protection	yes / Complete
Output type	Absolute singleturn
Output function	3-wire, Analog output
Current output	420 mA
Diagnostic	Positioning element not detected: Output signal 22 mA (typ.)
Load resistance, current output	≤ 0.4 kΩ



#### **Features**

- ■Rectangular, plastic
- ■Compact, rugged housing
- Many mounting possibilities
- High protection class IP68/IP69K
- ■Protection against salt spray
- Measuring range displayed via LED
- ■Immune to electromagnetic interference
- ■0.09° resolution
- ■3-wire, 15...30 VDC
- ■Analog output 4...20 mA
- Output 22 mA (typ.) where there is no RLC coupling
- Cable length 2m

## Wiring diagram



# Functional principle

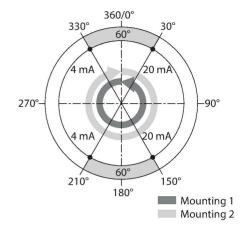
The measuring principle of inductive angle sensors is based on oscillation circuit coupling between the positioning element and the sensor, whereby an output signal is provided proportional to the angle of the positioning element. The rugged sensors are wear and maintenance-free, thanks to the contactless operating principle. They convince through their excellent repeatability, resolution and



## Technical data

Current consumption < 1	400 A
Current consumption	100 mA
Design Re	ectangular, QR20
Dimensions 71	.6 x 62.5 x 20 mm
Flange type Fla	ange without mounting element
Shaft Type Bli	ind hole shaft
Shaft diameter D [mm] 6 6.3	35
Housing material Pla	astic, Ultem
Electrical connection Ca	able
Cable quality Ø	5.2 mm, Lif32Y32Y, TPE, 2 m
Core cross-section 3 x	x 0.5 mm²
Vibration resistance 55	Hz (1 mm)
Vibration resistance (EN 60068-2-6) 20	g; 103000 Hz; 50 cycles; 3 axes
Shock resistance (EN 60068-2-27)	0 g; 11 ms ½ sine; 3 × each; 3 axes
Continuous shock resistance (EN 40 60068-2-29)	g; 6 ms ½ sinus; each 4000 x; 3 axes
Salt spray test (EN 60068-2-52)	everity degree 5 (4 test cycles)
Protection class IP6	68 / IP69K
MTTF 34	8 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40
Power-on indication LE	D, Green
	ultifunction LED, green een flashing
Included in delivery P2	2-Ri-QR20

linearity within a broad temperature range. The innovative technology ensures a high immunity to electromagnetic DC and AC fields.



# Mounting instructions

#### Mounting instructions/Description





There are two different mounting options. One option is to position the positioning element above the sensor housing. However, it can also be mounted so that the sensor housing completely encloses the positioning element.

LED function Operating voltage Green:Power on

Displayed measuring range

Green:Positioning element is in the detection range

Green flashing:Positioning element is within the measuring range, low signal intensity (e.g. distance too large)

Off:Positioning element is outside the detection range



Inductive measuring principle provides more safety

Due to the measuring principle, which is based on the functional principle of an RLC coupling, the sensor operates absolutely wear-free and is immune to magnetized ironware and other interferences. The amplitude of the signal can be changed by metal parts, which in turn affects the accuracy.

Owing to the differential analysis, the output signal remains almost unchanged, even if the position of the positioning element deviates from the ideal axis of rotation. The distance between the sensor and the positioning element can be up to 5 mm, whereby the nominal distance is 1 mm.

#### Accessories

